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# ANCIENT HISTORY

## 1. Stone Age

**Q1. The Acheulian cultural tradition is primarily identified with which types of advanced and symmetrical stone tools? (RRB NTPC UG - 2025)**

- A) Cleavers and hand -axes B) Chisels and adzes  
C) Microliths and scrapers D) Blades and borers

Correct Answer: **A) Cleavers and hand -axes**

**Q2. The Lower Palaeolithic period in India, including the Acheulian phase, spans approximately how many years BP? (RRB NTPC UG - 2025)**

- A) 1,00,000 –10,000 years BP B) 40,000 –  
12,000 years C) 1,65,000 –31,000 years BP D)  
6,00,000 – 1,50,000 years BP

Correct Answer: **D) 6,00,000 –1,50,000 years BP**

**Q3. Bori, which is considered to be the first Lower Palaeolithic site, is in which of the following states of India? (RRB NTPC UG - 2025)**

- A) Tamil Nadu B) Gujarat C) Arunachal Pradesh  
D) Maharashtra

Correct Answer: **D) Maharashtra**

**Q4. Microliths, which are tiny stone tools usually stuck on to handles of bones or woods to make tools like saws and sickles. These were mostly found in which age? (RRB NTPC UG - 2025)**

- A) Neolithic age B) Chalcolithic age C)  
Paleolithic age D) Mesolithic age

Correct Answer: **D) Mesolithic age**

**Q5. Which of the following was NOT a reason for the Paleolithic people to move from place to place? (RRB NTPC UG - 2025)**

- A) Failure of crops B) Resource exhaustion C)  
Movement of prey animals D) Seasonal changes

Correct Answer: **A) Failure of crops**

**Q6. The Bhimbetka rock shelters are associated with which prehistoric period? (RRB NTPC UG - 2025)**

- A) Upper Neolithic B) Iron Age C) Lower  
Chalcolithic D) Lower Paleolithic

Correct Answer: **D) Lower Paleolithic**

**Q7. Which archaeological site shows pit dwellings and evidence of domesticated dogs during the Neolithic period? (RRB NTPC UG - 2025)**

- A) Koldihwa B) Burzahom C) Chirand D) Hallur

Correct Answer: **B) Burzahom**

**Q8. The Bhimbetka rock shelters, known for prehistoric cave paintings, are located in which of the following states of India? (RRB NTPC UG - 2025)**

- A) Uttar Pradesh B) Rajasthan C) Madhya Pradesh  
D) Gujarat

Correct Answer: **C) Madhya Pradesh**

**Q9. In which of the following states of India are the Rock Shelters of Bhimbetka located? (RRB NTPC UG - 2025)**

- A) Madhya Pradesh B) Haryana C) Bihar D)  
Odisha

Correct Answer: **A) Madhya Pradesh**

**Q10. Which of the following sites is better known as a Chalcolithic Site? (RRB RPF SI 2024)**

- A) Kayatha B) Utnur C) Mehargarh D)  
Burzahom

Correct Answer: **A) Kayatha**

**Q11. Which of the following Neolithic sites yielded the remains of three species of deer (the Barasingha, Gazelle, and Spotted Deer)? (RRB RPF SI 2024)**

- A) Bhimbetka B) Kodekal C) Didwana D)  
Patne

Correct Answer: **B) Kodekal**

**Q12. The Kayatha Culture of Chalcolithic period in Ancient India belongs to which of the following states of India? (RRB RPF SI 2024)**

- A) Punjab B) Maharashtra C) Rajasthan D)  
Madhya Pradesh

Correct Answer: **D) Madhya Pradesh**

**Q13. Bhirrana, a Neolithic site, is situated in \_\_\_\_\_ state. (RRB RPF SI 2024)**

- A) Madhya Pradesh B) Rajasthan C) Gujarat  
D) Haryana

Correct Answer: **D) Haryana**

**Q14. Kupagal, a Neolithic site, is located in \_\_\_\_\_. (RRB RPF SI 2024)**

- A) Kerala B) Telangana C) Andhra Pradesh D)  
Karnataka

Correct Answer: **D) Karnataka**

**Q15. Which of the following periods succeeds the Palaeolithic period? (RRB RPF SI 2024)**

- A) Neolithic B) Chalcolithic C) Iron Age D)  
Mesolithic

Correct Answer: **D) Mesolithic**

**Q16. Bhimbetka's caves are considered to be \_\_\_\_\_ year old. (RRB NTPC 29.03.2016 (Shift -II) Stage I)**

- A) 1000 years B) 5000 years C) 30,000 years  
D) 300 years

Correct Answer: **C) 30,000 years**

**Q17. What were the first wheels made of? (RRB NTPC 29.03.2016 (Shift -II) Stage I)**  
A) Rubber B) Glass C) Wood D) Iron

Correct Answer: **C) Wood**

**Q18. Which of the following is the correct chronological sequence of pre-historic period of human activities and civilization? (RRB NTPC 11.02.2021 (Shift -I) Stage I)**  
A) Palaeolithic Period, Mesolithic Period, Neolithic Period B) Metal Age Period, Mesolithic Period, Palaeolithic Period C) Neolithic Period, Mesolithic Period, Palaeolithic Period D) Mesolithic Period, Neolithic Period, Palaeolithic Period

Correct Answer: **A) Palaeolithic Period, Mesolithic Period, Neolithic Period**

**Q19. Which of the following does not come under the three major periods of the Stone Age? (RRB NTPC 12.03.2021 (Shift -I) Stage I)**  
A) Paleolithic B) Neolithic C) Copper stone D) Mesolithic

Correct Answer: **C) Copper stone**

**Q20. Where in India, would you find rock painting dating back to the Stone Age? (RRB NTPC 12.02.2021 (Shift -I) Stage I)**  
A) Nalanda B) Bhimbetka C) Elephanta D) Bagh Caves

Correct Answer: **B) Bhimbetka**

**Q21. When were the caves of Bhimbetka discovered?**  
(a) 1955 -56 (b) 1957 -58 (c) 1954 -55 (d) 1953 -54

Correct Answer: **B) 1957 -58**

**Q22. Rock shelters of Bhimbetka is famous for which of the following? (RRB NTPC 10.02.2021 (Shift - ) Stage I)**  
A) Traces of paintings during the Maurya dynasty B) Traces of sculpture of the Mughals C) Traces of the early Dravidian period D) Traces of the earliest signs of Human life on the Indian subcontinent

Correct Answer: **D) Traces of the earliest signs of Human life on the Indian subcontinent**

## 2. Indus Valley Civilization

**Q23. During the Indus Valley Civilisation, the presence of jewellery made from precious metals and semi-precious stones in small-town settings supports the argument that \_\_\_\_\_. (RRB NTPC UG - 2025)**

A) there was strong social stratification B) the civilisation was ruled by autocratic priest-kings C) only the elite had access to luxury items D) there was an equal access to material goods

Correct Answer: **A) there was strong social stratification**

**Q24. Which of the following is cited as evidence for a highly centralised administration in the Indus - Sarasvati civilisation? (RRB NTPC UG - 2025)**

A) Standardised weights and measures B) Elaborate royal tombs C) Monumental palaces and temples D) Absence of seals and standard script

Correct Answer: **A) Standardised weights and measures**

**Q25. Which of the following techniques was used by the Harappans to create bronze sculptures? (RRB NTPC UG - 2025)**

A) Engraving B) Lost-wax casting C) Stone carving D) Hand-molding

Correct Answer: **B) Lost-wax casting**

**Q26. The Harappans were first in Eurasia to grow \_\_\_\_\_. (RRB NTPC UG - 2025)**

A) Indigo B) Mustard Seeds C) Potato D) Cotton

Correct Answer: **D) Cotton**

**Q27. Which of the following groups of people is said to have migrated into the late Indus Valley era India from Central Asia? (RRB NTPC UG - 2025)**

A) Aryans B) Shakas C) Mesopotamians D) Dravidas

Correct Answer: **A) Aryans**

**Q28. Which site provides archaeological evidence of the earliest known urban civilisation in the Indian subcontinent with planned city structures? (RRB NTPC UG - 2025)**

A) Lothal B) Harappa C) Mehrgarh D) Kalibangan

Correct Answer: **B) Harappa**

**Q29. Which key urban feature of Indus Valley cities shows advanced planning with streets intersecting at right angles and covered drains? (RRB NTPC UG - 2025)**

A) Grid-pattern layout B) Citadel only C) Slums D) Forts

Correct Answer: **A) Grid-pattern layout**

**Q30. Which of the following is a well-known bronze artefact from the Indus Valley**

**Civilisation, dating to around 2500 BCE? (RRB NTPC UG - 2025)**

- A) Dancing Girl statue from Mohenjo -daro B) Painted pottery vase from Dholavira C) Priest-King statue from Mohenjo -daro D) Stone seal of unicorn from Lothal

Correct Answer: **A) Dancing Girl statue from Mohenjo -daro**

**Q31. Which of the following is INCORRECT about the Harappans? (RRB NTPC UG - 2025)**

- A) They exported ornaments, timber, some objects of daily use. B) The Harappans were engaged in active trade. C) The most favoured ornaments were beads of carnelian. D) The Harappans used only gold to make tools, pots and pans.

Correct Answer: **D) The Harappans used only gold to make tools, pots and pans.**

**Q32. What feature of Indus Valley town planning indicates advanced civic amenities and engineering skills of the civilisation? (RRB NTPC UG - 2025)**

- A) Temples B) Underground railways C) Rock-cut caves D) Drainage systems

Correct Answer: **D) Drainage systems**

**Q33. The sculpture of bearded man, found in Mohenjo -daro, is made of which material? (RRB NTPC GRADUATE 2025)**

- A) Bronze B) Terracotta C) Copper D) Stone

Correct Answer: **D) Stone**

**Q34. A large number of terracotta toys were found at which site of the Indus Valley Civilization? (RRB NTPC GRADUATE 2025)**

- A) Mohenjodaro B) Rakhigarhi C) Kalibangan D) Lothal

Correct Answer: **A) Mohenjodaro**

**Q35. Harappan seals were made mostly from which of the following? (RRB NTPC GRADUATE 2025)**

- A) Steatite B) Terracotta C) Marble D) Iron

Correct Answer: **A) Steatite**

**Q36. The evidence of the earliest cotton cultivation in the Indus valley is found at which site? (RRB NTPC GRADUATE 2025)**

- A) Kalibangan B) Mehrgarh C) Harappa D) Rakhigarhi

Correct Answer: **B) Mehrgarh**

**Q37. What was the main purpose of the citadel in Harappan cities? (RRB NTPC GRADUATE 2025)**

- A) To organise religious ceremonies B) To function as a residential area C) To function as

a marketplace D) To organise administrative and public functions

Correct Answer: **D) To organise administrative and public functions**

**Q38. Which animal/bird was commonly depicted on Harappan seals? (RRB NTPC GRADUATE 2025)**

- A) Peacock B) Sparrow C) Horse D) Unicorn

Correct Answer: **D) Unicorn**

**Q39. In the Harappan civilisation, the lost wax process was used to make statue of which material? (RRB NTPC GRADUATE 2025)**

- A) Stone B) Bronze C) Gold D) Terracotta

Correct Answer: **B) Bronze**

**Q40. Dholavira site of Indus Valley Civilization is best known for which of the following practices? (RRB NTPC GRADUATE 2025)**

- A) Making of carts B) Rock-cut architecture C) Water conservation system D) Use of iron implements

Correct Answer: **C) Water conservation system**

**Q41. Which Harappan site shows evidence of ploughed fields? (RRB NTPC GRADUATE 2025)**

- A) Kalibangan B) Mohenjo -daro C) Dholavira D) Lothal

Correct Answer: **A) Kalibangan**

**Q42. Which ancient civilisations flourished in the Thar Desert area about 5000 years ago? (RRB NTPC GRADUATE 2025)**

- A) Greek Civilisation B) Babylonian Civilisation C) Egyptian Civilisation D) Indus Valley Civilisation

Correct Answer: **D) Indus Valley Civilisation**

**Q43. Which of the following materials was not used for making ornaments during the Harappan civilisation? (RRB NTPC GRADUATE 2025)**

- A) Steatite B) Ivory C) Diamond D) Carnelian

Correct Answer: **C) Diamond**

**Q44. Harappan trade relations extended to: (RRB NTPC GRADUATE 2025)**

- A) Rome B) Persia C) Mesopotamia D) Greece

Correct Answer: **C) Mesopotamia**

**Q45. What kind of tools were mainly used by the Harappans? (RRB NTPC GRADUATE 2025)**

- A) Iron tools B) Bronze tools C) Wooden tools D) Steel tools

Correct Answer: **B) Bronze tools**

**Q46. The Indus Valley Civilization flourished around: (RRB NTPC GRADUATE 2025)**

A) 2500 -1800 BCE B) 5000 –4000 BCE C) 1000 –500 BCE D) 900 –200 BCE

Correct Answer: **A) 2500 -1800 BCE**

**Q47. Lothal was important for \_\_\_\_\_ during the Indus Valley Civilization. (RRB NTPC GRADUATE 2025)**

A) maritime trade B) spiritual rituals C) military base D) copper mining

Correct Answer: **A) maritime trade**

**Q48. What was a unique feature of Harappan town planning? (RRB NTPC GRADUATE 2025)**

A) Underground temples B) Circular forts C) Irregular housing layout D) Grid pattern streets

Correct Answer: **D) Grid pattern streets**

**Q49. Which material was used to make the famous 'Dancing Girl' statue that belonged to the Indus Valley Civilization? (RRB NTPC GRADUATE 2025)**

A) Iron B) Silver C) Bronze D) Copper

Correct Answer: **C) Bronze**

**Q50. Most of the standard Harappan seals were made of \_\_\_\_\_ a kind of soft stone that was square in shape with a 2 \times 2 dimension and was used for commercial purposes. (RRB NTPC (Stage -II) 16/06/2022 (Shift -III))**

A) Rhodonite B) Golden rutile C) Steatite D) Selenite

Correct Answer: **C) Steatite**

**Q51. Which of the following construction material was used in Harappan civilisation? (RPF SI 18.01.2019 (Shift - III))**

A) Clay B) Red sandstone C) Burnt brick D) Sun dried

Correct Answer: **C) Burnt brick**

**Q52. When did archaeologist B.B. Lal carry out excavations at Hastinapura, situated in Meerut district? (RRB NTPC 17.01.2021 (Shift -II) Stage Ist)**

A) 1962 -63 B) 1951 -52 C) 1957 -58 D) 1949 -50

Correct Answer: **B) 1951 -52**

**Q53. The Great Bath found at Mohenjo -daro was a huge (RRB NTPC 19.03.2021 (Shift -I) Stage Ist)**

A) Circular tank B) Cylindrical tank C) Triangular tank D) Rectangular tank

Correct Answer: **D) Rectangular tank**

**Q54. The Harappan city was found during the excavations on the banks of which river**

**around the year 1920 -21? (RRB NTPC 12.03.2021 (Shift -I) Stage Ist)**

A) Jhelum B) Vyas C) Chenab D) Ravi

Correct Answer: **D) Ravi**

**Q55. The Great Bath is located at: (RRB NTPC GRADUATE 2025)**

A) Dholavira B) Rakhigarhi C) Harappa D) Mohenjo -daro

Correct Answer: **D) Mohenjo -daro**

**Q56. Which river is associated with the Mohenjo -daro site? (RRB NTPC GRADUATE 2025)**

A) Saraswati B) Ganga C) Yamuna D) Indus

Correct Answer: **D) Indus**

**Q57. Which of the following sites of Indus Valley Civilization is located in Punjab (India)? (RRB NTPC (Stage -II)-12/06/2022 (Shift -I))**

A) Kot Diji B) Banawali C) Balu D) Ropar

Correct Answer: **D) Ropar**

**Q58. During the Indus Valley, period from where were the shells procured for craft production? (RRB NTPC (Stage -II)-16/06/2022 (Shift -II))**

A) Jaipur B) Shortughai C) Nageshwar D) Ropar

Correct Answer: **C) Nageshwar**

**Q59. The famous Indus Valley site Mohenjodaro was first time excavated by the eminent Indian archaeologist: (RRB NTPC 17.01.2021 (Shift -I) Stage Ist)**

A) SR Rao B) BB Lal C) RD Banerji D) Daya Ram Sahni

Correct Answer: **C) RD Banerji**

**Q60. The first site discovered at the Indus Valley Civilisation is: (RRB NTPC 18.01.2021 (Shift -II) Stage Ist)**

A) Mohenjo -Daro B) Harappa C) Lothal D) Kalibangan

Correct Answer: **B) Harappa**

**Q61. Which town of the Indus Valley Civilisation literally means 'mound of the dead'? (RRB NTPC 09.03.2021 (Shift -II) Stage Ist)**

A) Mesopotamia B) Mohenjo -daro C) Balakot D) Harappa

Correct Answer: **B) Mohenjo -daro**

**Q62. The meaning of the name 'Mohenjodaro' in \_\_\_\_\_ is mound of dead - (RRB Group -D 28 -11- 2018 (Shift -I))**

A) Persian B) Urdu C) Hindi D) Sindhi

Correct Answer: **D) Sindhi**

**Q63. What is the meaning of 'Mohenjodaro'? (RRB NTPC 05.04.2021 (Shift -II) Stage Ist)**

A) Living place B) Market place C) Mound of dead D) like country

Correct Answer: **C) Mound of dead**

**Q64. Mohenjodaro is situated in: (RRB NTPC 02.03.2021 (Shift -I) Stage Ist)**

A) Khyber Pakhtunkhwa B) Punjab C) Balochistan D) Sindh

Correct Answer: **D) Sindh**

**Q65. Which city from the Harappan Civilization was almost exclusively devoted to craft production including bead making, shell cutting, metal working, seal making and weight making? (RRB NTPC 19.01.2021 (Shift -II) Stage Ist)**

A) Mohenjo Daro B) Nageshwar C) Harappa D) Chanhudaro

Correct Answer: **D) Chanhudaro**

**Q66. In which of the following locations was 'Nataraja', a stone male dancing figure discovered? (RRB NTPC 13.01.2021 (Shift -II) Stage Ist)**

A) Lothal B) Rangpur C) Harappa D) Mohenjo -daro

Correct Answer: **C) Harappa**

**Q67. Which out of these is the Harappan site discovered in Gujarat? (RRB NTPC 05.02.2021 (Shift -I) Stage Ist)**

A) Balathal B) Khandia C) Dholaveera D) Manda

Correct Answer: **C) Dholaveera**

**Q68. Which of the following sites is NOT a part of the Indus Valley Civilization? (RRB NTPC 16.01.2021 (Shift -II) Stage Ist)**

A) Mohanjo -Daro B) Harappa C) Lothal D) Uruk

Correct Answer: **D) Uruk**

**Q69. Which of the following Indus Civilization sites has evidence of water reservoirs? (RRB NTPC 01.04.2021 (Shift -II) Stage Ist)**

A) Kalibangan B) Dholavira C) Kot diji D) Lothal

Correct Answer: **B) Dholavira**

**Q70. Dholavira, an archaeological place is associated with \_\_\_\_\_ period? (RRB NTPC 12.04.2016 (Shift -II) Stage It)**

A) Gupta Period B) Magadha Period C) Indus Valley D) Chalukya Period

Correct Answer: **C) Indus Valley**

**Q71. In which state is the archaeological site of Surkotada situated? (RRB NTPC 03.03.2021 (Shift -I) Stage Ist)**

A) Rajasthan B) Punjab C) Bihar D) Gujarat

Correct Answer: **D) Gujarat**

**Q72. In which year did a team of German and Italian archaeologists begin surface explorations at Mohenjodaro? (RRB NTPC 15.02.2021 (Shift -I) Stage Ist)**

A) 1955 B) 1970 C) 1980 D) 1990

Correct Answer: **C) 1980**

**Q73. Which one of the following animals was frequently seen on the seals of the Harappan Civilization? (RRB NTPC 18.01.2021 (Shift -I) Stage Ist)**

A) Bull B) Lion C) Fox D) Deer

Correct Answer: **A) Bull**

**Q74. In 1944, who took over as the Director - General of the Archaeological Survey of India and undertook the excavations of Harappa? (RRB NTPC 17.01.2021 (Shift -I) Stage Ist)**

A) Daya Ram Sahni B) John Marshall C) Rakhal Das Banerji D) R.E.M. Wheeler

Correct Answer: **D) R.E.M. Wheeler**

**Q75. Which of the following Harappan site is NOT associated with craft production? (RRB NTPC 17.01.2021 (Shift -I) Stage Ist)**

A) Balakot B) Manda C) Chanhudaro D) Nageshwar

Correct Answer: **B) Manda**

**Q76. Indus Valley Civilization is \_\_\_\_\_ years old and extends to the lower part of the Gangetic valley in South and till Malwa in North. (RRB Group -D 27 -11-2018 (Shift -III))**

A) 1000 B.C. B) 5000 B.C. C) 3000 B.C. D) 8000 B.C.

Correct Answer: **C) 3000 B.C.**

**Q77. Which civilization has developed from 5000 BCE towards the south of Malwa and north to the entire foothills of the Ganges Valley? (RRB Group -D 24 -09-2018 (Shift -II))**

A) Indus Valley Civilization B) Aryan Empire C) Mauryan Empire D) Magadh Empire

Correct Answer: **A) Indus Valley Civilization**

**Q35. The Harppan civilization flourished around 2500 BC. What do we call them today? (RRB NTPC 17.01.2017 (Shift -III) Stage I)** A) Pakistan and Afghanistan B) West India and Pakistan C) Afghanistan and West India D) India and China

Correct Answer: **B) West India and Pakistan**

**Q78. The history of India begins with the birth of the Indus Valley Civilization which came into existence almost \_\_\_\_\_. (RRB Group -D 03 -12-2018 (Shift -II))**

A) 2500 BC B) 4500 BC C) 1500 BC D) 6500 BC

Correct Answer: **A) 2500 BC**

**Q79. What was the most important feature of the Indus Valley Civilization? (RRB NTPC 05.04.2016 (Shift - III) Stage I)**

A) Exchange system B) Local Transport system C) Buildings made of bricks D) Administrative System

Correct Answer: **C) Buildings made of bricks**

**Q80. Indus Valley civilization? (RRB NTPC 17.01.2017 (Shift -III) Stage It)**

A) Copper age civilization B) Iron age civilization C) Axis era civilization D) Bronze age civilization  
 Correct Answer: D) Bronze age civilization  
 Q39. The people of the Indus Valley Civilization mixed copper and tin to make (RRB Group -D 10 -12-2018 (Shift -III)) A) Mirror B) Bronze C) Iron D) Gold

Correct Answer: **B) Bronze**

**Q81. Which of the following is not an important place of Indus Valley Civilization? (RRB Group -D 24 -10- 2018 (Shift -III))**

A) Kalibanga B) Harappa C) Mohenjodaro D) Ajamgarh

Correct Answer: **D) Ajamgarh**

**Q82. The People of Harappa did not worship which of the following Gods? (RRB NTPC 11.04.2016 (Shift - ) Stage It)**

A) Shiv B) Vishnu C) Pigeon D) Swastika

Correct Answer: **B) Vishnu**

**Q83. The people of Indus Valley Civilization worshiped (RRB ALP & Tec. (13 -08-18 Shift - I))**

A) Hanuman B) Kali C) Ayyappa D) Pashupati

Correct Answer: **D) Pashupati**

### 3. Vedic Civilization

**Q84. The term gomati in the Rigveda refers to which of the following? (RRB NTPC UG - 2025)**

A) A milkmaid B) A wealthy person C) A warrior D) A priest

Correct Answer: **B) A wealthy person**

**Q85. The indigenous inhabitants of India who were hostile, dark skinned and did not follow the Vedic system are referred to in Vedic texts as: (RRB NTPC UG - 2025)**

A) Aryans B) Dravidas C) Dasyus D) Dasas

Correct Answer: **C) Dasyus**

**Q86. Which of the following Vedic words literally means search for cows and also refers to battle? (RRB NTPC UG - 2025)**

A) Duhitri B) Gopala C) Gomati D) Gaveshana

Correct Answer: **D) Gaveshana**

**Q87. During the Later Vedic period, which of the following animals was specifically mentioned as useful for ploughing in swampy land? (RRB NTPC UG - 2025)**

A) Buffalo B) Elephant C) Horse D) Cow

Correct Answer: **A) Buffalo**

**Q88. What is the main content of the four Vedas composed during the Early Vedic period? (RRB NTPC UG - 2025)**

A) Prayers and hymns B) War strategies C) Agricultural manuals D) Laws and rituals

Correct Answer: **A) Prayers and hymns**

**Q89. Social life in the Vedic period was divided into how many ashramas? (RRB NTPC UG - 2025)**

A) Ten B) Six C) Four D) Three

Correct Answer: **C) Four**

**Q90. According to the ancient Indian history, Sulvasutras was related to which of the following? (RRB RPF SI 2024)**

A) Science B) Architecture C) Geometry D) Economics

Correct Answer: **C) Geometry**

**Q91. Which Veda has the maximum number of verses? (RRB Group -D 12 -10-2018 (Shift -III) RRB Group - D-02/09/2022 (Shift -II))**

A) Atharvaveda B) Rigveda C) Samveda D) Yajurveda

Correct Answer: **B) Rigveda**

**Q92. Which is the oldest of the four Vedas? (RRB NTPC 30.01.2021 (Shift -I) Stage Ist RRB Group -D 12 -12- 2018 (Shift -I))**

A) Samaveda B) Atharvaveda C) Yajurveda D) Rigveda

Correct Answer: **D) Rigveda**

**Q93. There are \_\_\_\_\_ Mantras in the Rigveda which include the unproven Valkhilya hymns - (RRB Group -D 29 -10-2018 (Shift -III))**

A) 1549 B) 1028 C) 760 D) 1875

Correct Answer: **B) 1028**

**Q94. The Rig Veda consists of 1028 hymns, organized into ten books known as \_\_\_\_\_. (RRB NTPC (Stage -II)-13/06/2022 (Shift -I))**

A) Mandalas B) Anudatta C) Suktas D) Padapatha

Correct Answer: **A) Mandalas**

**Q95. Which among the following is the old est and biggest amongst all the four Vedas? (RRB Group -D- 16/09/2022 (Shift -II))**

- A) Rig Veda B) Yajur Veda C) Samaveda D) Atharva Veda

Correct Answer: **A) Rig Veda**

**Q96. Which Veda is the largest and considered the most important of the collection, containing 1,028 hymns divided into 10 books called mandalas? (RRB Group -D-18/09/2022 (Shift -II))**

- A) Yajur Veda B) Rig Veda C) Atharva Veda D) Sama Veda

Correct Answer: **B) Rig Veda**

**Q97. Rigveda consists of a collection of: (RRB Group -D- 13/09/2022 (Shift -II))**

- A) 1028 hymns B) 4028 hymns C) 2028 hymns D) 3028 hymns

Correct Answer: **A) 1028 hymns**

**Q98. Which Vedic God falls under the category of 'Prithivsthana' (Terrestrial God)? (RRB Group -D- 18/09/2022 (Shift -III)r)**

- A) Vishnu B) Brihaspati C) Varuna D) Indra

Correct Answer: **B) Brihaspati**

**Q99. Which of the following Vedas is a 'Book of rituals?' (RRB Group -D-02/09/2022 (Shift -I))**

- A) The Atharvaveda B) The Samaveda C) The Yajurveda D) The Rigveda

Correct Answer: **C) The Yajurveda**

**Q100. Which of the four Vedas is known as 'Veda of Sacrificial Formulas' and contains prose formulas applicable to various rites, along with verses intended for a similar purpose? (RRB Group -D 29 -09-2022 (Shift -III))**

- A) Yajurveda B) Rigveda C) Samaveda D) Atharvaveda

Correct Answer: **A) Yajurveda**

**Q101. Brihadaranyaka, Mundaka and Taittiriya are some examples of which of the following categories of religious texts? (RRB Group -D- 06/10/2022 (Shift -II))**

- A) Upanishads B) Jataka Stories C) Puranas D) Epics

Correct Answer: **A) Upanishads**

**Q102. What does the term 'Upa' in the term Upanishad denote? (RRB Group -D- 17/08/2022 (Shift -III))**

- A) Nearness B) Totality C) Secret D) Happiness

Correct Answer: **A) Nearness**

**Q103. Which of the following Veda is also called the "Book of Song," "Veda of Chants" or**

**even "Yoga of Song"? (RRB Group -D- 08/09/2022 (Shift -1))**

- A) Sama Veda B) Yajur Veda C) Atharva Veda D) Rig Veda

Correct Answer: **A) Sama Veda**

**Q104. Which of the following scriptures is NOT a part of Vedic literature? (RRB Group -D 24 -08-2022 (Shift -I))**

- A) Upanishads B) Aranyakas C) Pitakas D) Brahmanas

Correct Answer: **C) Pitakas**

**Q105. The Aitareya Upanishad belongs to fourth, fifth and sixth chapters of the second book of Aitareya Aranyaka of the \_\_\_\_\_ and considered as the oldest Upanishads. (RRB Group -D 23 -08-2022 (Shift -II))**

- A) Atharva Veda B) Sama Veda C) Rig Veda D) Yajur Veda

Correct Answer: **C) Rig Veda**

**Q106. How many stages of life did early Hindu philosophy determine? (RRB Group -D 30 -08-2022 (Shift - III))**

- A) four B) three C) five D) two

Correct Answer: **A) four**

**Q107. Which of the following is Hinduism's major philosophical school? (RRB Group -D 30 -08-2022 (Shift - II))**

- A) Sanyasa B) Moksha C) Artha D) Vaisheshika

Correct Answer: **D) Vaisheshika**

**Q108. Yajur Veda deals with..... (RRB Group -D 17 -09-2022 (Shift -III))**

- A) the rituals of the Yagna B) spells and charms C) melodies D) the Gaytri Mantra

Correct Answer: **A) the rituals of the Yagna**

**Q109. Which one of the following limbs of Vedas is known for the explanation and meaning of complex words? (RRB NTPC 23.02.2021 (Shift -I) Stage Ist)**

- A) Kalpa B) Chhanda C) Vyakaran D) Nirukta

Correct Answer: **D) Nirukta**

**Q110. From where have the words 'Satyameva Jayate' which are inscribed below the National Emblem of India, been taken? (RRB NTPC 02.02.2021 (Shift -I) Stage Ist)**

- A) Mundaka Upanishads B) Jataka tales C) Puranas D) Bhagwad Gita

Correct Answer: **A) Mundaka Upanishads**

**Q111. The national motto of India is Satyameva Jayate (meaning Truth always Triumphs). Which ancient Indian Scripture is a mantra**

emanating from? (RRB NTPC 02.04.2016 (Shift -III) Stage I)

A) Rigveda B) Mundakopanishad C) Bhagwat Gita D) Matsya Purana  
Correct Answer: B) Mundakopanishad Q64. In ancient times, a person was weighed against a commodity and the equivalent weight of that commodity was offered as donation. What was this practice called? (RRB NTPC 10.01.2021 (Shift -II) Stage Ist) A) Thimithi B) Pulikal i C) Tulabhara D) Jallikattu

Correct Answer: C) Tulabhara

Q112. The Vedic time period in India lasted from? (RRB NTPC 22.02.2021 (Shift -II) Stage Ist)

A) 1500 to 500 BC B) 336 to 323 BC C) 3000 to 2600 BC D) 550 to 323 BC

Correct Answer: A) 1 500 to 500 BC

Q113. Dhanurveda is the upveda of the Yajurveda. It deals with: (RRB NTPC 18.01.2021 (Shift -II) Stage Ist)

A) medicine B) architecture C) art and music D) art of warfare

Correct Answer: D) art of warfare

Q114. In which of the following Vedas the knowledge related to music is stored? (RRB NTPC 31.01.2021 (Shift -I) Stage Ist)

A) Rigveda B) Atharvaveda C) Samaveda D) Yajurveda

Correct Answer: C) Samaveda

Q115. Which of the following vedas describes music? (RRB Group -D 24 -09-2018 (Shift-1))

A) Samaveda B) Yajurveda C) Rigveda D) Atharvaveda

Correct Answer: A) Samaveda

Q116. Mundaka Upanishad belongs to the: (RRB NTPC 05.03.2021 (Shift -I) Stage Ist)

A) Sam Veda B) Atharva Veda C) Yajur Veda D) Rig Veda

Correct Answer: B) Atharva Veda

Q117. The Vedas are considered the earliest literary record of Indo -Aryan civilization. There are four Vedas: Rigveda, Samaveda, Yajurveda and the fourth one is (RRB NTPC 16.01.2021 (Shift -II) Stage Ist)

A) Atharvaveda B) Dhanurveda C) Ayurveda D) Shilpaveda

Correct Answer: A) Atharvaveda

Q118. Which of the following vedas tells about magical rituals and captivations? (RRB Group -D 25 -09- 2018 (Shift -I))

A) Atharvaveda B) Somaveda C) Rigveda D) Yajurveda

Correct Answer: A) At harvaveda

Q119. What is the meaning of yajur in yajurveda? (RRB NTPC 18.01.2017 (Shift -III) Stage IInd)

A) Life B) Nature C) Sacrifice D) True

Correct Answer: C) Sacrifice

Q120. In which of the following vedas, treatment of diseases is given? (RRB N TPC 18.01.2017 (Shift -I) Stage IInd)

A) Yajur B) Rig C) Sam D) Atharva

Correct Answer: D) Atharva

Q121. In which of he following upanishads is the word Vasudhaivakutumbakam mentioned? (RRB Group - D 24 -09-2018 (Shift -III))

A) Maha Upanishad B) Chh andogya Upanishad C) Brihadaranyaka Upanishad D) Kenopanishad

Correct Answer: A) Maha Upanishad

Q122. \_\_\_\_\_ upanishads are considered to be the main \_\_\_\_\_. (RRB Group -D 11 -10-2018 (Shift -II))

A) 108, 11 B) 116, 22 C) 100, 12 D) 99, 10

Correct Answer: A) 108, 11

Q123. The oldest upanishad is \_\_\_\_\_ (RRB Group -D 12 -10-2018 (Shift -I))

A) Isha Upanishad B) Mandukya Upanishad C) Ken Upanishad D) Chandogya Upanishad

Correct Answer: D) Chandogya Upanishad

Q124. According to the real In dian philosopher, each object is made up of \_\_\_\_\_ basic elements. (RRB ALP & Tec. (09 -08-18 Shift - III))

A) 2 B) 4 C) 3 D) 5

Correct Answer: D) 5

Q125. Kathopanishad records a conversation between a teenager named Nachiketa and the deity. Which of the following god is speaking to Nachiketa? (RRB ALP & Tec. (09 -08-18 Shift -II))

A) Lord Ganesha B) Lord Shiva C) Lord Yam D) Lord Karthikeya

Correct Answer: C) Lord Yam

#### 4. Mahajanpada Period

Q126. Who taught medicine in Taxila around 6th century BCE? (RRB RPF SI 2024)

A) Paramhans Atreya B) Punarvasu Atreya C) Prakrit Atreya D) Panini Atreya

Correct Answer: B) Punarvasu Atreya

Q127. Who were the Voharikas in the judicial structure of the Magadha period? (RRB NTPC UG - 2025)