

INDIAN POLITY

1. Constitution (Historical Background & Constituent Assembly)	2
2. Sources of Indian Constitution	7
3. Articles, Parts and Schedules	10
4. Features of the Constitution & Preamble ..	19
5. The Union and its Territory	22
6. Citizenship	23
7. Fundamental Rights.....	25
8. Directive Principles of State Policy.....	36
9. Fundamental Duties	40
10. President	45
11. Vice-President	54
12. Parliament	56
13. Rajya Sabha	62
14. Lok Sabha.....	66
15. Union Cabinet.....	69
16. Governor.....	75
17. State Legislature	78
18. The Judiciary.....	81
19. Panchayati Raj	88
20. Election Commission	104
21. Official Languages.....	107
22. Emergency Provision	111
23. Constitutional Amendment.....	113
24. Attorney General of India/ Comptroller and Auditor General of India.....	118
25. Political Parties	121
26. National Emblem	124
27. Planning Commission/NITI Aayog	126
28. Major Commissions and Constitutional Institutions.....	127
29. Polity Miscellaneous.....	132

INDIAN ECONOMY

1. Basic Economic Concepts	149
2. Classification of Economics	157

3. National Income	159
4. Five Year Plans and NITI Aayog	162
5. Banking	167
6. Monetary policy	186
7. Capital Market.....	187
8. Budget & Finance Commission	189
9. Demography	197
10. Poverty and Unemployment	201
11. Balance of Payment and Trade Contracts	205
12. Report and Index.....	208
13. National Organizations & Ministries/Major Schemes.....	211
14. Agriculture.....	232
15. Industrial Sectors.....	236
16. Miscellaneous.....	243

STATIC GK

1. ART AND CULTURE	253
2. Books/Authors.....	271
3. Important Days.....	278
4. Awards.....	283
6. Space Programme	301
7. Defence System of India.....	312
8. Sports.....	316
9. Major Research Centres/ Institute	319
10. World Heritage Site of India	324
11. World Famous Places	326
12. Famous Personalities.....	328
13. First in World/India	334
14. Miscellaneous.....	338

INDIAN POLITY

1. Constitution (Historical Background & Constituent Assembly)

Q1. Who among the following was the chairman of the Constituent Assembly of India? (RRB JE 2024)

- A) KM Munshi B) Gopal Das Ambaidas Desai
C) Dr. Rajendra Prasad D) Dr. BR Ambedkar

Correct Answer: **C) Dr. Rajendra Prasad**

Q2. In which year did C Rajagopalachari voice the demand for a constituent assembly based on adult franchise? (RRB JE 2024)

- A) 1939 B) 1938 C) 1940 D) 1937

Correct Answer: **A) 1939**

Q3. When was a member of the British Cabinet appointed as a 'Secretary of State for India' and made responsible for all matters related to the governance of India? (RRB JE 2024)

- A) 1858 B) 1919 C) 1911 D) 1929

Correct Answer: **A) 1858**

Q4. Who was the chairman of the drafting committee of the Constituent Assembly? (RRB Group-D- 16/09/2022 (Shift-II))

- A) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar B) C. Rajagopalachari
C) Dr. Rajendra Prasad D) Jawaharlal Nehru

Correct Answer: **A) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar**

Q5. Who was the Chairman of the Drafting Committee which had the task to prepare the draft of the Constitution? (RRB Group-D- 16/09/2022 (Shift-I))

- A) N Gopaldaswami B) Saijio Mola Saadulla C) Alladi Krishnaswami Ayyar
D) Dr. BR Ambedkar

Correct Answer: **D) Dr. BR Ambedkar**

Q6. The Constituent Assembly formed the Drafting Committee to prepare a Draft Constitution of India on: (RRB NTPC 14.03.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

- A) 29 August 1947 B) 29 August 1949 C) 29 August 1948
D) 29 August 1950

Correct Answer: **A) 29 August 1947**

Q7. Constituent Assembly drafted the Constitution for Independent India. It was set up Under? (RRB NTPC 28.01.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

- A) The Government of India Act of 1909 B) The Government of India Act of 1919
C) Indian Independence Act of 1947 D) Cabinet Mission Plan of 1946

Correct Answer: **D) Cabinet Mission Plan of 1946**

Q8. Who was the President of the Constituent Assembly of India after independence? (RRB NTPC 20.01.2021 (Shift-I) Stage Ist)

- A) C. Rajgopalachari B) Acharya Narendra Dev
C) Dr. B R Ambedkar D) Dr. Rajendra Prasad

Correct Answer: **D) Dr. Rajendra Prasad**

Q9. Who chaired the first meeting of the Constituent Assembly of India? (RRB JE - 26/05/2019 (Shift-I))

- A) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar B) P Upendra C) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
D) Sachchidanand Sinha

Correct Answer: **D) Sachchidanand Sinha**

Q10. On which date did Jawahar Lal Nehru introduce the 'Objectives Resolution in the Constituent Assembly? (RRB NTPC 15.03.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

- A) 13th December, 1948 B) 13th December, 1946
C) 13th December, 1949 D) 13th December, 1947

Correct Answer: **B) 13th December, 1946**

Q11. Before the framing of the constitution of India, an 'Objectives Resolution' was proposed by _____ in 1946.? (RRB NTPC 14.03.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

- A) Jawaharlal Nehru B) Rajendra Prasad C) BR Ambedkar
D) Vallabhbbhai Patel

Correct Answer: **A) Jawaharlal Nehru**

Q12. _____ the Indian Constitution was adopted and enacted by the Constituent Assembly.? (RRB JE - 23/05/2019 (Shift-III))

- A) 9 December, 1946 B) 26 January, 1946
C) 26 January, 1950 D) 26 November, 1949

Correct Answer: **D) 26 November, 1949**

Q13. Who was the president of the first meeting of the constituent assembly, which was held on December 9, 1946? (RRB NTPC 17.02.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

- A) Dr. Sachchidananda Sinha B) Jawaharlal Nehru
C) Manabendra Nath Roy D) Dr. Rajendra Prasad

Correct Answer: **A) Dr. Sachchidananda Sinha**

Q14. The first meeting of the Constituent Assembly of India was held on? (RRB NTPC 03.03.2021 (Shift-I) Stage Ist)

- A) 9 December 1946 B) 8 March 1945 C) 26 January 1948
D) 7 December 1947

Correct Answer: **A) 9 December 1946**

Q15. When was the first session of the Constituent Assembly organized? (RRB JE - 02/06/2019 (Shift-III))

- A) 1948 B) 1946 C) 1949 D) 1947

Correct Answer: **B) 1946**

Q16. Who among the following was the President of the Constituent Assembly? (RRB JE - 31/05/2019 (Shift-I))

- A) C. Rajagopalachari B) B.R. Ambedkar C) Jawaharlal Nehru D) Rajendra Prasad

Correct Answer: **D) Rajendra Prasad**

Q17. Who was the Deputy Chairman of the constituent Assembly, which wrote the Indian constitution? (RRB NTPC 05.04.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

- A) Jaypal Singh B) G. Durga Deshmukh C) H.C. Mookerjee D) Rajendra Prasad

Correct Answer: **C) H.C. Mookerjee**

Q18. Who has been known as the 'Father of Indian Constitution' ? (RRB NTPC 29.12.2020 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

- A) Dr. BR Ambedkar B) Dr. Rajendra Prasad C) Dr. K.M. Munshi D) Shri Sachchidanand Sinha

Correct Answer: **A) Dr. BR Ambedkar**

Q19. Who was the first President of constituent Assembly of Independent India? (RRB NTPC 04.03.2021 (Shift-I) Stage Ist)

- A) Dr B. R. Ambedkar B) Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru C) Dr Sachchidananda Sinha D) Dr. Rajendra Prasad

Correct Answer: **D) Dr. Rajendra Prasad**

Q20. Who gave the idea of a constituent assembly of India for the first time? (RRB NTPC 28.12.2020 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

- A) B R Ambedkar B) M N Roy C) B N Rau D) Dr. Rajendra Prasad

Correct Answer: **B) M N Roy**

Q21. The Indian Constitution was the lengthiest Constitution at the time of its adoption which originally had _____ Articles.? (RRB NTPC (State-II) 17/06/2022 (Shift-II))

- A) 348 B) 448 C) 444 D) 395

Correct Answer: **D) 395**

Q22. How many articles are there in the Constitution of India as of October 2020? (RRB NTPC 23.01.2021 (Shift-I) Stage Ist)

- A) 495 B) 448 C) 398 D) 395

Correct Answer: **B) 448**

Q23. When was 'Jana Gana Mana' officially accepted as the national anthem of India by

the constituent assembly? (RRB NTPC 12.03.2021 (Shift-I) Stage Ist)

- A) 24 January, 1950 B) 26 January, 1950 C) 26 January, 1949 D) 27 December, 1911

Correct Answer: **A) 24 January, 1950**

Q24. Who designed the National Flag of India? (RRB NTPC 13.03.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

- A) Ram Prasad Bismil B) Pingali Venkayya C) Taty Tope D) Dr. Maghfoor Ahmed Ajazi

Correct Answer: **B) Pingali Venkayya**

Q25. Who said in the Constituent assembly debate on 27 August 1947, "I believe separate electorates will be suicidal to the minorities."? (RRB NTPC 08.01.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

- A) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel B) B. Pocker Bahadur C) R.V. dhulekar D) Govind Ballabh Pant

Correct Answer: **D) Govind Ballabh Pant**

Q26. When was the Indian Constitution adopted? (RRB NTPC 09.02.2021 (Shift-I) Stage Ist)

- A) On 26 January 1950 B) On 26 November 1949 C) On 26 January 1947 D) On 26 November 1946

Correct Answer: **B) On 26 November 1949**

Q27. Who was the chairman of the drafting committee of the Constituent Assembly? (RRB Group-D- 16/09/2022 (Shift-II), RRB J.E.- 2014)

- A) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar B) C. Rajagopalachari C) Dr. Rajendra Prasad D) Jawaharlal Nehru

Correct Answer: **A) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar**

Q28. Who was the Chairman of the Drafting Committee which had the task to prepare the draft of the Constitution? (RRB Group-D- 16/09/2022 (Shift-I))

- A) N Gopaldaswami B) Saijio Mola Saadulla C) Alladi Krishnaswami Ayyar D) Dr. BR Ambedkar

Correct Answer: **D) Dr. BR Ambedkar**

Q29. Who was the Chairman of the Drafting Committee of the Constituent Assembly? (RRB Group-D 22-09-2018 (Shift-I)) (RRB Group-D 22-09-2018 (Shift-I))

- A) Dr. Rajendra Prasad B) Vallabh Bhai Patel C) Jawaharlal Nehru D) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar

Correct Answer: **D) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar**

Q30. The Constituent Assembly formed the Drafting Committee to prepare a Draft Constitution of India on: (RRB NTPC 14.03.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist) (RRB NTPC 13.01.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

A) 29 August 1947 B) 29 August 1949 C) 29 August 1948 D) 29 August 1950

Correct Answer: **A) 29 August 1947**

Q31. Who among the following was not the member of Draft Committee of the Indian Constitution? (RRB NTPC 13.01.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

A) Syed Muhammad Saadulah B) N. Gopaldaswami Ayyangar C) Dr. K. M. Munshi D) A. V. Thakkar

Correct Answer: **D) A. V. Thakkar**

Q32. Which committee recommended that Fundamental Duties be included in the Constitution of India? (RRB Group-D-01/09/2022 (Shift-I)) (RRB Group-D-01/09/2022 (Shift-I))

A) J B Kripalani Committee B) Swaran Singh Committee C) A V Thakkar Committee D) H C Mookherjee Committee

Correct Answer: **B) Swaran Singh Committee**

Q33. Who is considered as the person responsible for the political integration of India by unifying 562 princely states in the country? (RRB Group-D-20/09/2022 (Shift-III)) (RRB Group-D-20/09/2022 (Shift-III))

A) Subhas Chandra Bose B) Jawaharlal Nehru C) Vallabhbhai Jhaverbhai Patel D) Lal Bahadur Shastri

Correct Answer: **C) Vallabhbhai Jhaverbhai Patel**

Q34. Who was the first Finance Minister of Independent India? (RRB Group-D-15/09/2022 (Shift-II)) (RRB Group-D-15/09/2022 (Shift-II))

A) RK Shanmukham Chetty B) Liaquat Ali Khan C) CD Deshmukh D) John Mathai

Correct Answer: **A) RK Shanmukham Chetty**

Q35. Which of the following Acts was passed by the British Parliament, defining the powers and responsibilities of the various organs of the East India Company? (RRB Group-D 23-08-2022 (Shift-1)) (RRB NTPC 28.01.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

A) Indian Councils Act of 1892 B) Regulating Act of 1773 C) Government of India Act of 1858 D) Pitt's India Act of 1784

Correct Answer: **B) Regulating Act of 1773**

Q36. In which of the following years was the first republic Day of India celebrated? (RRB Group-D 18-08-2022 (Shift-III))

A) 1948 B) 1950 C) 1949 D) 1947

Correct Answer: **B) 1950**

Q37. Constituent Assembly drafted the Constitution for Independent India. It was set up Under. (RRB NTPC 28.01.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

A) The Government of India Act of 1909 B) The Government of India Act of 1919 C) Indian Independence Act of 1947 D) Cabinet Mission Plan of 1946

Correct Answer: **D) Cabinet Mission Plan of 1946**

Q38. In which year was India declared a Republic? (RRB JE CBT-II 28-08-2019 (morning))

A) 1947 B) 1948 C) 1950 D) 1955

Correct Answer: **C) 1950**

Q39. Who was the President of the Constituent Assembly of India after independence? (RRB NTPC 20.01.2021 (Shift-I) Stage Ist)

A) C. Rajgopalachari B) Acharya Narendra Dev C) Dr. BR Ambedkar D) Dr. Rajendra Prasad

Correct Answer: **D) Dr. Rajendra Prasad**

Q40. Who chaired the first meeting of Constituent Assembly of India? (RRB JE - 26/05/2019 (Shift-I))

A) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar B) P Upendra C) Dr. Rajendra Prasad D) Sachchidanand Sinha

Correct Answer: **D) Sachchidanand Sinha**

Q41. Who among the given is known as calligrapher of Indian Constitution? (RPF Constable 03.02.2019 (Shift - I)) (RPF Constable 03.02.2019 (Shift - I))

A) A.V. Thakkar B) Nand Lal Bose C) J.B. Kripalani D) Prem Bihari Narayan Raizada

Correct Answer: **D) Prem Bihari Narayan Raizada**

Q42. The Constitution of India is republican, because- (RRB JE-22/05/2019 (Shift-I)) (RRB JE - 22/05/2019 (Shift-I))

A) It provided provision for elected parliament. B) A Rights Bill has been incorporated in it. C) Provision of adult suffrage is provided in it. D) It has no hereditary component.

Correct Answer: **D) It has no hereditary component.**

Q43. The reason for the Constitution of India to be republican is that it: (RRB NTPC 05.02.2021 (Shift-I) Stage Ist) (RRB NTPC 05.02.2021 (Shift-I) Stage Ist)

A) Contains a bill of right B) Has no hereditary elements C) Provides for adult franchise D) Provides for an elected parliament

Correct Answer: **B) Has no hereditary elements**

Q44. Who was the main drafter of Article 370? (RRB NTPC 12.03.2021 (Shift-I) Stage Ist)

- A) B R Ambedkar B) Lal Bahadur Shastri C) Gopaldaswami Iyengar D) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel

Correct Answer: **C) Gopaldaswami Iyengar**

Q45. On which date did Jawahar Lal Nehru introduce the 'Objectives Resolution in the Constituent Assembly? (RRB NTPC 15.03.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist) (RRB NTPC 15.03.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

- A) 13th December, 1948 B) 13th December, 1946 C) 13th December, 1949 D) 13th December, 1947

Correct Answer: **B) 13th December, 1946**

Q46. During the formulation of the Indian Constitution, who among the following presented the 'Objective Resolution'? (RRB Group-D 15-10-2018 (Shift-I)) (RRB Group-D 15-10-2018 (Shift-I))

- A) Moti Lal Nehru B) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar C) Jawaharlal Nehru D) Dr. Rajendra Prasad

Correct Answer: **C) Jawaharlal Nehru**

Q47. Before the framing of the constitution of India, an 'Objectives Resolution' was proposed by in 1946. (RRB NTPC 14.03.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist) (RRB NTPC 08.03.2021 (Shift-I) Stage Ist)

- A) Jawaharlal Nehru B) Rajendra Prasad C) BR Ambedkar D) Vallabhbhai Patel

Correct Answer: **A) Jawaharlal Nehru**

Q48. After how many years (approximately) of debate, the constitution of India was signed? (RRB NTPC 08.03.2021 (Shift-I) Stage Ist)

- A) 5 B) 4 C) 2 D) 3

Correct Answer: **D) 3**

Q49. In which year did the Constitution of India came into force? (RRB NTPC 30.01.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

- A) 1948 B) 1947 C) 1949 D) 1950

Correct Answer: **D) 1950**

Q50. the Indian Constitution was adopted and enacted by the Constituent Assembly. (RRB JE - 23/05/2019 (Shift-III))

- A) 9 December, 1946 B) 26 January, 1946 C) 26 January, 1950 D) 26 November, 1949

Correct Answer: **D) 26 November, 1949**

Q51. The Constitution of India came into force on? (RRB NTPC 05.04.2016 (Shift-I) Stage Ist, RPF SI 11.01.2019 (Shift - II))

- A) 26.01.1950 B) 15.08.1947 C) 22.08.1947 D) 01.01.1950

Correct Answer: **A) 26.01.1950**

Q52. The Constitution of India came into force in: (RRB NTPC 10.02.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

- A) 1948 B) 1947 C) 1950 D) 1949

Correct Answer: **C) 1950**

Q53. When was the Indian Constitution adopted? (RPF SI 18.01.2019 (Shift - III), RRB NTPC 09.02.2021 (Shift-I) Stage Ist)

- A) On 26 January 1950 B) On 26 November 1949 C) On 26 January 1947 D) On 26 November 1946

Correct Answer: **B) On 26 November 1949**

Q54. Who was the first Foreign Minister of independent India: (RRB NTPC 08.04.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

- A) Baldev Singh B) V.V. Giri C) Jawahar Lal Nehru D) Dr. Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan

Correct Answer: **C) Jawahar Lal Nehru**

Q55. Who was India's first Minister of Labour? (RRB Group-D-26/08/2022 (Shift-I))

- A) Jagjivan Ram B) Amrit Kaur C) Rafi Ahmed Kidwai D) Cooverji Hormusji Bhabha

Correct Answer: **A) Jagjivan Ram**

Q56. The total number of articles that were present originally in the Indian Constitution during its implementation is: (RRB NTPC 07.01.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist) (RRB JE - 30/05/2019 (Shift-II))

- A) 396 B) 391 C) 392 D) 395

Correct Answer: **D) 395**

Q57. At the time of the enactment of the Indian Constitution, It was divided into chapters. (RRB JE-30/05/2019 (Shift-II))

- A) 24 B) 25 C) 22 D) 16

Correct Answer: **C) 22**

Q58. What was 26th January called in India before 1947? (RRB NTPC 03.03.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist 1947)

- A) Martyr's Day B) Independence Day C) Republic Day D) Constitution Day

Correct Answer: **B) Independence Day**

Q59. Who was the president of the first meeting of the constituent assembly, which was held on December 9, 1946? (RRB NTPC 17.02.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

- A) Dr. Sachchidananda Sinha B) Jawaharlal Nehru C) Manabendra Nath Roy D) Dr. Rajendra Prasad

Correct Answer: **A) Dr. Sachchidananda Sinha**

Q60. The first meeting of the Constituent Assembly of India was held on (RRB NTPC 03.03.2021

(Shift-I) Stage Ist) (RRB JE - 02/06/2019 (Shift-III))

A) 9 December 1946 B) 8 March 1945 C) 26 January 1948 D) 7 December 1947

Correct Answer: **A) 9 December 1946**

Q61. When was the first session of the Constituent Assembly organized? (RRB JE - 02/06/2019 (Shift-III))

A) 1948 B) 1946 C) 1949 D) 1947

Correct Answer: **B) 1946**

Q62. Who among the following was the President of the Constituent Assembly? (RRB JE-31/05/2019 (Shift-), R.R.B. JE- Stage - II 31-08-2019 (Shift -1))

A) C. Rajagopalachari B) B.R. Ambedkar C) Jawaharlal Nehru D) Rajendra Prasad

Correct Answer: **D) Rajendra Prasad**

Q63. When was the first meeting of Constituent Assembly held? (ALP Stage -II 22.01.2019 (shift - II))

A) 26 November, 1946 B) 9 December, 1946 C) 26 December, 1946 D) 19 December, 1946

Correct Answer: **B) 9 December, 1946**

Q64. Who was the Deputy Chairman of the constituent Assembly, which wrote the Indian constitution? (RRB NTPC 05.04.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

A) Jaypal Singh B) G. Durga Deshmukh C) H.C. Mookerjee D) Rajendra Prasad

Correct Answer: **C) H.C. Mookerjee**

Q65. When did the Constituent Assembly adopt the Indian National Flag? (RRB NTPC 06.04.2016 (Shift-I) Stage Ist) (RRB NTPC 29.12.2020 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

A) 22 July, 1947 B) 22 August, 1947 C) 22 January, 1948 D) 22 October, 1947

Correct Answer: **A) 22 July, 1947**

Q66. Who has been known as the 'Father of Indian Constitution'? (RRB NTPC 29.12.2020 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

A) Dr. BR Ambedkar B) Dr. Rajendra Prasad C) Dr. K.M. Munshi D) Shri Sachchidanand Sinha

Correct Answer: **A) Dr. BR Ambedkar**

Q67. Who was the first President of constituent Assembly of Independent India? (RRB NTPC 04.03.2021 (Shift-) Stage Ist) (RRB NTPC 04.03.2021 (Shift-I) Stage Ist)

A) Dr B. R. Ambedkar B) Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru C) Dr Sachchidananda Sinha D) Dr. Rajendra Prasad

Correct Answer: **D) Dr. Rajendra Prasad**

Q68. Which of the following statements regarding Indian Constitution is correct? (RRB JE - 28/05/2019 (Shift-II)) (RRB JE - 28/05/2019 (Shift-II))

A) It is a mixture of many Constitutions. B) It is completely based on the British Constitution. C) It is made only on the basis of Government of India Act, 1935. D) It is completely based on the Constitution of Canada.

Correct Answer: **A) It is a mixture of many Constitutions.**

Q69. Which day is celebrated as Constitution Day in India? (RRB Group-D 28-09-2018 (Shift-I), RRB NTPC 16.04.2016 (Shift-II) Stage I)

A) 26 November B) 15 August C) 14 April D) 6 December

Correct Answer: **A) 26 November**

Q70. When is the Constitution Day celebrated in India? (RRB NTPC 07.03.2021 (Shift-I) Stage Ist)

A) 15th August B) 24th January C) 26th November D) 26th January

Correct Answer: **C) 26th November**

Q71. Which of the following is considered the Supreme Law of India? (RRB NTPC 04.04.2016 (Shift-I) Stage Ist) (RRB NTPC 04.04.2016 (Shift-I) Stage Ist)

A) Indian Constitution B) Republic C) Ambedkar's Teachings D) Secularism

Correct Answer: **A) Indian Constitution**

Q72. An Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are given below. Assertion (A): The Indian Constitution came into force on 26th January 1950. Reason (R): 26th January is celebrated as Republic day. Choose the correct option- (RRB NTPC 16.04.2016 (Shift-I) Stage Ist) (RRB NTPC 16.04.2016 (Shift-I) Stage Ist)

A) A is true but R is false. B) A is false but R is true. C) Both A and R are false. D) Both A and R are correct but R is not a proper explanation of A.

Correct Answer: **D) Both A and R are correct but R is not a proper explanation of A.**

Q73. Who was the first to give the idea of Constituent Assembly for India? (RRB GroupD -24-10-2018 (Shift-1)) (RRB NTPC 28.12.2020 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

A) C.G. Roy B) M.N. Roy C) Dr. Baba Saheb Ambedkar D) Jawaharlal Nehru

Correct Answer: **B) M.N. Roy**

Q74. Who gave the idea of a constituent assembly of India for the first time? (RRB NTPC

28.12.2020 (Shift-II) Stage Ist) (RRB NTPC 28.12.2020 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)
A) BR Ambedkar B) MN Roy C) B N Rau D) Dr. Rajendra Prasad

Correct Answer: **B) MN Roy**

2. Sources of Indian Constitution

Q75. The provision of 'Impeachment of President' in the Indian Constitution is borrowed from the Constitution of (RRB JE 2024)

A) Canada B) Britain C) United States of America D) French

Correct Answer: **C) United States of America**

Q76. In the case of 'Ashwini Kumar Upadhyay vs Union of India (November 2024)', the Supreme Court dismissed a plea related to: (RRB NTPC GRADUATE 2025)

A) Uniform Civil Code for all Indian citizens B) constitutional validity of adding 'socialist' and 'secular' to the Preamble C) reservation for economically weaker sections (EWS) in jobs and education D) validity of Article 370 and special constitutional provisions

Correct Answer: **B) constitutional validity of adding 'socialist' and 'secular' to the Preamble**

Q77. Free legal aid is part of which part of the Indian Constitution? (RRB NTPC GRADUATE 2025)

A) Preamble B) Directive Principles C) Fundamental Rights D) Fundamental Duties

Correct Answer: **B) Directive Principles**

Q78. What provision of the Indian Constitution guarantees the independence of the judiciary? (RRB JE 2024)

A) Preamble B) Directive Principles of State Policy C) Judicial Review D) Fundamental Rights

Correct Answer: **C) Judicial Review**

Q79. The feature of Quasi Federal Government system in the Constitution of India is borrowed from the constitution of which country? (RRB Group-D- 15/09/2022 (Shift-I))

A) The US B) South Africa C) The UK D) Canada

Correct Answer: **D) Canada**

Q80. The Indian Constitution includes borrowed features from how many countries? (RRB Group-D 23-08-2022 (Shift-II))

A) 06 B) 13 C) 10 D) 07

Correct Answer: **C) 10**

Q81. Which country's constitution has been considered by India for the 'Principles of Liberty, Equality & Fraternity'? (RRB NTPC 13.03.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

A) France B) Ireland C) Britain D) Australia

Correct Answer: **A) France**

Q82. The idea of Rule of law in the Indian constitution has been taken from which of these constitution? (RRB NTPC 05.04.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

A) France B) German C) British D) Canadian

Correct Answer: **C) British**

Q83. Provision of 'First past the post' in Indian constitution has been adopted from the constitution of? (RRB NTPC 03.03.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

A) Ireland B) France C) Britain D) USA

Correct Answer: **C) Britain**

Q84. The concept of Federation with strong Centre in the Indian Constitution has been taken from:? (RRB NTPC 05.03.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

A) Great Britain B) Canada C) USA D) Ireland

Correct Answer: **B) Canada**

Q85. In the Constitution of India, principles of Liberty, Equality and Fraternity were borrowed from:? (RRB NTPC 04.03.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

A) The Irish constitution B) The United States Constitution C) The British Constitution D) The French Constitution

Correct Answer: **D) The French Constitution**

Q86. Which of the following features of the Constitution of India is borrowed from the Constitution of Ireland? (RRB Group-D-02/09/2022 (Shift-III))

A) Rule of law B) Directive principles of state policy C) Single citizenship D) Parliamentary system of government

Correct Answer: **B) Directive principles of state policy**

Q87. The Fundamental Duties in the Indian Constitution were added by which amendment to the Constitution ? (RRB Group-D 07-10-2022 (Shift-I))

A) 42 B) 43 rd C) 40 th D) 41 st

Correct Answer: **A) 42**

Q88. India has a _____ form of government.? (RRB Group-D 11-10-2022 (Shift-I))

A) oligarchy B) communalism C) monarchy
D) parliamentary

Correct Answer: **D) parliamentary**

Q89. Which of the following statements regarding Indian Constitution is correct? (RRB JE - 28/05/2019 (Shift-II))

A) It is a mixture of many Constitutions. B) It is completely based on the British C) It is made only on the basis of Government of D) It is completely based on the Constitution of

Correct Answer: **A) It is a mixture of many Constitutions.**

Q90. Which of the following features is correct regarding the federal system of the Indian Constitution? (RRB Group-D 12-09-2022 (Shift-II))

A) Dual Government B) Equal representation of all states in the lower C) Equal representation of all states in the upper D) Dual citizenship

Correct Answer: **A) Dual Government**

Q91. The provision of a quasi-federal form of government for India was adopted from: (RRB NTPC 27.03.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

A) Canada B) Britain C) Ireland D) Russia

Correct Answer: **A) Canada**

Q92. From which Constitution has the Fundamental Rights in the Indian Constitution drawn? (RRB NTPC 20.01.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

A) United States B) Switzerland C) Britain D) Soviet Union

Correct Answer: **A) United States**

Q93. The concept of directive principles in Indian constitution has been taken from? (RRB NTPC 04.03.2021 (Shift-I) Stage Ist)

A) Canada B) USA C) Ireland D) Great Britain

Correct Answer: **C) Ireland**

Q94. Article 36 to 51 are listed under which of the following headings of the Indian Constitution? (RRB JE - 02/06/2019 (Shift-I))

A) Co-Operative Society B) Municipalities C) Fundamental Duties D) Directive Principles of state policy

Correct Answer: **D) Directive Principles of state policy**

Q95. The Fundamental Duties in the Constitution of India were adopted from the: (RRB NTPC (State-II) 15/06/2022 (Shift-I))

A) USSR Constitution B) Japanese Constitution C) Irish Constitution D) US Constitution

Correct Answer: **A) USSR Constitution**

Q96. Which of the following Acts was passed by the British Parliament, defining the powers and responsibilities of the various organs of the East India Company? (RRB Group-D 23-08-2022 (Shift-I))

A) Indian Councils Act of 1892 B) Regulating Act of 1773 C) Government of India Act of 1858 D) Pitt's India Act of 1784

Correct Answer: **B) Regulating Act of 1773**

Q97. From which country has the Indian constitution derived the provision of a Five-Year Plan? (RRB NTPC 22.01.2021 (Shift-I) Stage Ist)

A) USA B) Ireland C) South Africa D) USSR

Correct Answer: **D) USSR**

Q98. The concept of judicial review in Constitution of India has been taken from the Constitution of which country? (RRB Group-D-16/09/2022 (Shift-I))

A) Australia B) United Kingdom C) New Zealand D) United states of America

Correct Answer: **D) United states of America**

Q99. In the State Emblem of India there is a quote saying 'Satyameva Jayate,' Which is inscribed in Devanagari script. This quote has been taken from: (RRB NTPC 13.03.2021 (Shift-I) Stage Ist)

A) Mundaka Upanishad B) Mantrika Upanishad C) Katha Upanishad D) Adhyatma Upanishad

Correct Answer: **A) Mundaka Upanishad**

Q100. Which of the following is the feature of the Constitution of the United Kingdom? (RRB Group-D 14-09-2022 (Shift-I))

A) Single citizenship B) Fundamental duties C) Concurrent list D) Directive principles of state policy

Correct Answer: **A) Single citizenship**

Q101. The feature of Quasi Federal Government system in the Constitution of India is borrowed from the constitution of which country? (RRB Group-D-15/09/2022 (Shift-1)) (RRB Group-D-16/09/2022 (Shift-I))

A) The US B) South Africa C) The UK D) Canada

Correct Answer: **D) Canada**

Q102. The concept of judicial review in Constitution of India has been taken from

the Constitution of which country? (RRB Group-D-16/09/2022 (Shift-I))

A) Australia B) United Kingdom C) New Zealand D) United states of America

Correct Answer: **D) United states of America**

Q103. The Indian Constitution includes borrowed features from how many countries? (RRB Group-D 23-08-2022 (Shift-II)) (RRB NTPC 13.03.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

A) 06 B) 13 C) 10 D) 07

Correct Answer: **C) 10**

Q104. Which country's constitution has been considered by India for the 'Principles of Liberty, Equality & Fraternity'? (RRB NTPC 13.03.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

A) France B) Ireland C) Britain D) Australia

Correct Answer: **A) France**

Q105. The ideas of Liberty, Equality & Fraternity in the preamble of our Constitution have been taken from. (RPF Constable 05.02.2019) (RRB NTPC 08.03.2021 (Shift-I) Stage Ist)

A) Colonial Revolution B) American Revolution C) Russian Revolution D) French Revolution

Correct Answer: **D) French Revolution**

Q106. Which of the following is NOT a source of the Indian Constitution? (RRB NTPC 08.03.2021 (Shift-I) Stage Ist)

A) Constitution of Denmark B) Constitution of France C) Constitution of Ireland D) Constitution of U.S.A.

Correct Answer: **A) Constitution of Denmark**

Q107. India's constitutional provision of 'Indirect election of Rajya Sabha members' was adopted from which country? (RRB NTPC 22.02.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist) (RRB NTPC 22.01.2021 (Shift-I) Stage Ist)

A) Germany B) South Africa C) USA D) England

Correct Answer: **B) South Africa**

Q108. From which country has the Indian constitution derived the provision of a Five-Year Plan? (RRB NTPC 22.01.2021 (Shift-I) Stage Ist)

A) USA B) Ireland C) South Africa D) USSR

Correct Answer: **D) USSR**

Q109. From which Constitution has the Fundamental Rights in the Indian Constitution drawn ? (RRB NTPC 20.01.12021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist) (RRB NTPC 09.03.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

A) United States B) Switzerland C) Britain D) Soviet Union

Correct Answer: **A) United States**

Q110. Which part of the Indian Constitution is inspired by the constitution of Germany? (RRB NTPC 09.03.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

A) Amendment of the Constitution B) Federal System C) Suspension of fundamental rights during Emergency D) single citizenship

Correct Answer: **C) Suspension of fundamental rights during Emergency**

Q111. The idea of Rule of law in the Indian constitution has been taken from which of these constitution? (RRB NTPC 05.04.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist) (RRB NTPC 03.03.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

A) France B) German C) British D) Canadian

Correct Answer: **C) British**

Q112. Provision of 'First past the post' in Indian constitution has been adopted from the constitution of (RRB NTPC 03.03.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

A) Ireland B) France C) Britain D) USA

Correct Answer: **C) Britain**

Q113. The concept of Federation with strong Centre in the Indian Constitution has been taken from: (RRB NTPC 05.03.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist) (RRB Group-D- 26/08/2022 (Shift-III))

A) Great Britain B) Canada C) USA D) Ireland

Correct Answer: **B) Canada**

Q114. From which of the following countries has the Freedom of Trade feature taken by the Indian Constitution? (RRB Group-D- - 26/08/2022 (Shift-III))

A) Australia B) Ireland C) USSR D) Germany

Correct Answer: **A) Australia**

Q115. From which country's constitution has Indian Constitution borrowed the feature of Fundamental Rights? (RRB Group-D- - 18/09/2022 (Shift-II))

A) Francez B) Germany C) Japan D) USA

Correct Answer: **D) USA**

Q116. The section on Fundamental Duties in the Indian Constitution has been adopted from (RRB Group-D-29/08/2022 (Shift-II)) (RRB Group-D- 18/09/2022 (Shift-II))

A) USA B) England C) USSR D) Germany

Correct Answer: **C) USSR**

Q117. Which country's constitution was considered by the makers of the Constitution of India for importing the provisions of Liberty, Equality and

Fraternity? (RRB Group-D- -18/09/2022 (Shift-II))

- A) Constitution of Canada B) Constitution of Australia C) Constitution of Ireland D) Constitution of France

Correct Answer: **D) Constitution of France**

Q118. In the Constitution of India, principles of Liberty, Equality and Fraternity were borrowed from: (RRB NTPC 04.03.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist) (RRB NTPC 04.03.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

- A) The Irish constitution B) The United States Constitution C) The British Constitution D) The French Constitution

Correct Answer: **D) The French Constitution**

Q119. The concept of directive principles in Indian constitution has been taken from (RRB NTPC 04.03.2021 (Shift-) Stage Ist) (RRB NTPC 23.02.2021 (Shift-I) Stage Ist)

- A) Canada B) USA C) Ireland D) Great Britain

Correct Answer: **C) Ireland**

Q120. Which foreign constitution is the source of 'The idea of the Rule of Law' of the Indian Constitution? (RRB NTPC 23.02.2021 (Shift-I) Stage Ist)

- A) USA B) UK C) Erstwhile USSR D) Germany

Correct Answer: **B) UK**

Q121. The Parliamentary government concept of the Constitution of India was taken from which country? (RRB Group-D 30-10-2018 (Shift-1)) (RRB Group-D 22-10-2018 (Shift-II))

- A) America B) England C) China D) Ireland

Correct Answer: **B) England**

Q122. The idea of introducing independence and fraternity in the Constitution of India was inspired by which country? (RRB Group-D 22-10-2018 (Shift-II))

- A) France B) Russia C) America D) Germany

Correct Answer: **A) France**

Q123. The fundamental duties of the Indian Constitution is taken from the Constitution of which country? (RRB NTPC 02.04.2016 (Shift-III) Stage It) (RRB NTPC 02.04.2016 (Shift-III) Stage Ist)

- A) United Kingdom B) United States of America C) Soviet Union D) Australia

Correct Answer: **C) Soviet Union**

Q124. The emergency provisions mentioned in the Indian Constitution are taken from the Constitution of which country? (RRB NTPC 02.04.2016 (Shift-I) Stage It) (RRB NTPC 02.04.2016 (Shift-I) Stage Ist)

- A) United States of America B) United Kingdom C) Canada D) Germany

Correct Answer: **D) Germany**

3. Articles, Parts and Schedules

Q125. How many parts are there in the Constitution of India as of October 2020? (RRB NTPC 21.01.2021 (Shift-II) Stage Ist)

- A) 25 B) 22 C) 24 D) 23

Correct Answer: **A) 25**

Q126. The Constitution of India has _____ parts and _____ schedules.? (RRB Group-D 18-08-2022 (Shift-III))

- A) 12; 25 B) 22; 10 C) 10; 22 D) 25' 12

Correct Answer: **D) 25' 12**

Q127. As on 30 th June 2022, how many Schedules are there in the Indian Constitution? (RRB Group-D 27-09-2022 (Shift-I))

- A) 22 B) 395 C) 8 D) 12

Correct Answer: **D) 12**

Q128. Which Article of the Indian Constitution empowers joint sitting of Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha under certain circumstances? (RRB NTPC 30.01.2021 (Shift-I) Stage Ist)

- A) Article 108 B) Article 75 C) Article 100 D) Article 156

Correct Answer: **A) Article 108**

Q129. As per the Article 7 of the Constitution of India, any person who has after the _____ migrated from the territory of India to the territory now included in Pakistan shall not be deemed to be a citizen of India.? (RRB NTPC (State-II) 17/06/2022 (Shift-II))

- A) 1st of March 1947 B) 19th of July 1947 C) 18th of August 1947 D) 1st of April 1947

Correct Answer: **A) 1st of March 1947**

Q130. As per Article 6 (b)(i) of the Constitution of India, every person has a right to citizenship of India, if he/she migrated from Pakistan before the _____ and he /she has ordinarily been resident in the territory of India since the date of his/her migration.? (RRB NTPC (State-II) 17/06/2022 (Shift-I))

- A) 19 July 1948 B) 18 July 1949 C) 17 June 1947 D) 18 August 1947

Correct Answer: **A) 19 July 1948**

Q131. Which of the following fundamental rights is mentioned in Article 32 of the Indian Constitution? (RRB Group-D- 13/09/2022 (Shift-II))